

# A GOLDEN SOLICITATION TO MY PRISTINE SIKKIM



*An Indispensable General Knowledge on Sikkim Himalayas*

Forwarded by Samuel E. Bronson

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For all Competitive Exams

For all Research Scholars

For all Tourists

*S. Pinchen Yonzunyangmo (Lachok)*



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An indispensable G.K. book on Sikkim

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*S. Rinchen Youngmingmoo*



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ANSWERS IN THE LAST PAGES



# GEOGRAPHICAL FACTS OF SIKKIM

1 Sikkim state is located at

- Ans. (a) Western Himalayas (b) Central Himalayas  
(c) Eastern Himalayas (d) None of these

2. The height of Mt Pandimchu is

- Ans. (a) 6827 m (b) 7162 m  
(c) 6705 (d) 5825 m

3. Sikkim is mainly classified under four tectonic belt. Which are they?

- Ans. (a) Foot Hill Belt and inner Belt  
(b) Axial Belt and Trans-axial Belt  
(c) Basalt Belt and core Belt  
(d) only (a) & (b) is correct.

4. Sikkim is predominantly occupied by \_\_\_\_\_

- Ans. (a) Unfossiliferous metamorphic and crystalline rock  
(b) Igneous rock  
(c) Both (a) & (b) is correct.  
(d) None of these

5. Which of the following metal is important deposit of West Sikkim

- Ans. (a) Copper (b) Iron  
(c) Dolomite (d) Tungsten

6. Agro - climatically Sikkim is divided into four zones vis a vis height from mean sea level. Match correctly.

- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| A Plain          | 1 (1500-2000 m) |
| B Mid Hills      | 2 (300-500 m)   |
| C High Hills     | 3 (4000-5000 m) |
| D Very High Hill | 4 (2000-2700 m) |

- Ans. (a) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4, (b) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3  
(c) A-2, B-3, C-3, D-4, (d) A-4, B-3, C-1, D-2

7. Match the following climatic zones with its altitude

- |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| A Tropical    | 1 (2700-4000 m) |
| B Subtropical | 2 (1500-2700 m) |
| C Temperate   | 3 (500-1500 m)  |
| D Sub Alpine  | 4 (300-500 m)   |
| E Alpine      | 5 (4000-5000 m) |

Ans. (a) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4, E-5 (b) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1, E-5  
(c) A-5, B-4, C-3, D-2, E-1 (d) Only (b) is correct

8. What is the percentage of workers, working in Primary sector in Himalayan Sikkim as per 1991 Census?

Ans. (a) 66% (b) 67.5%  
(c) 68.4% (d) None of these

9. Which of the following figures is the total area of Sikkim

Ans. (a) 7096 sq. km. (b) 7086 sq. km.  
(c) 7097 sq. km. (d) 7098 sq. Km.

10. Which of the following is the only state with which Sikkim share its boarder?

Ans. (a) Bihar (b) Arunachal Pradesh  
(c) West Bengal (d) Assam

11. What is the direction of the following countries with whom Sikkim shares its boarder?

I. Nepal, II. Bhutan, III. Tibet

Ans. (a) Nepal - West  
Bhutan - South-West  
Tibet - North  
(b) Nepal - South  
Bhutan - West  
Tibet - North  
(c) Nepal - North  
Bhutan - South  
Tibet - West  
(d) None of these

12. Name the Trijunction of Sikkim, West Bengal and Nepal.

Ans. (a) Toriphu near Phalut. (b) Chya-Banjyang (W.S)  
(c) Riyot Partam (d) None of these

13. Name the Trijunction of Sikkim, West Bengal and Bhutan.

Ans. (a) Rachelho (now corrupted as Rachela)  
(b) Nathula in Pangolakha range.  
(c) Joleplho  
(d) none of these

14. Name the Country with which Sikkim shares its longest border.

Ans. (a) Bhutan (b) Nepal  
(c) Tibet (d) all of them are equal

15. Name the Country with which Sikkim shares a shortest border.

Ans. (a) Nepal (b) Tibet (c) Bhutan

16. Which of the following is the name of the Trijunction of Sikkim, Bhutan and Tibet.

- Ans. (a) Batanglho (b) Kangrilho  
(c) Pandim lho (d) none of these
17. Why are Nathulho and Jaleplho popular in Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) because they are located in high altitude area.  
(b) because they lies in Eastern boarder to Tibet of Sikkim.  
(c) Chinese attacked Sikkim from this pass in 1968.  
(d) Both b & c are correct  
(e) None of these.
18. Chewa Banzyang pass is on which border of Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) Western boarder (b) Eastern boarder  
(c) Southern boarder (d) Northern boarder.
19. Which is the highest mountain peak of Sikkim and the third highest peak of the world?  
Ans. (a) Mt. Pandimchu (b) Mt. Kingchungzongbuchu  
(c) Kaburchu (d) Sineolchu
20. Which of the following is the second highest mountain peak of Sikkim.  
Ans. (a) Mt. Pandimchu (b) Mt. Sineolchu  
(c) Mt. Kaburchu (d) Mt. Andenchu
21. Which are the headquarters of four district of Sikkim.  
Ans. (a) Mangan - N, Namchi - S, Gyalsing - W, Gangtok - E  
(b) Mangan - S, Namchi - N, Gyalsing - W, Gangtok - E  
(c) Mangan - N, Namchi - W, Gyalsing - S, Gangtok - E
22. The type of soil found in Sikkim is acidic. Then what is its range of PH value?  
Ans. (a) 4.2 to 5.5 (b) 4.0 to 5.5  
(c) 4.1 to 5.5 (d) None of these
23. What is the Original name of Chungthang?  
Ans. (a) Namzyit Partam (b) Chumthong  
(c) A is correct (d) Both a and b are correct
24. Which of the following is the correct distance between Gangtok and Bagdogra?  
Ans. (a) 125 km (b) 126 km  
(c) 127 km (d) 128 km
25. What is the distance between Gangtok and Darjeeling?  
Ans. (a) 120 km (b) 121 km  
(c) 122 km (d) 123 km

26. What is the distance between Gangtok & Gyalsing?  
 Ans. (a) 112 km (b) 150 km  
 (c) 72 km (d) 98 km
27. Which of the following district of Sikkim consist of maximum constituencies?  
 Ans. (a) East (b) North  
 (c) South (d) West
28. Which of the following is the total gram Panchayat units available in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 132 (b) 148  
 (c) 152 (d) 154
29. Which of the following information is incorrect regarding the devastative natural calamity that occurred in North Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) It occurred in Sept 1983  
 (b) Total 120 numbers death toll was recorded  
 (c) The North Sikkim was cut off from nation for 1 week  
 (d) The casualties were compensated with Rupees 2 lakh each.
30. When did the historical earthquake of Sikkim take place that damaged Eleven Monastries, 79 Houses and 10 School buildings followed by communication cut off of South and West district with Gangtok and Siliguri.  
 Ans. (a) August 1988 (b) Sept. 1988  
 (c) Nov. 1988 (d) July 1988
31. Which of the report is not correct regarding the worst landslide hit at Gangtok during June 1997.  
 Ans. (a) Total 48 people were dead and over 100 injured.  
 (b) The army javan were called out for rescue operation.  
 (c) The worst effected area was Tathangchan, Tadong, Syari, Burtuk, Panihous, Arithang.  
 (d) None of these
32. What is the present numbers of Senior Sec. School in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 12 Nos. (b) 16 Nos.  
 (c) 19 Nos. (d) 29 Nos.
33. Which of following college was established earliest in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Sikkim Govt. College, Tadong.  
 (b) Sikkim Govt. College, Namchi.

- (c) Sikkim Govt. Law College.
- (d) Loyala College, Namchi.

34. The Damber Singh College is affiliated with which of the following university?

- Ans. (a) North Eastern Hill University.  
(b) Tri Bhuvan University  
(c) Banaras Hindu University.  
(d) North Bengal University.

35. The Namchi B. Ed. College is affiliated to which of the following University?

- Ans. (a) N.E Hill University. (b) B.H. University  
(c) N.B. University (d) None of these

36. Research Institute of Tibetology is affiliated with which university?

- Ans. (a) Banaras Hindu University (c) S.S.S. Varanasi  
(b) North Bengal University (d) None of these

37. Name the Popular Girls' School of Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) P.N.G.S. (Gangtok)  
(b) Govt. Girl School, Namchi  
(c) Deorali Senior Sec. girls School (Gangtok)  
(d) All of these

38. Which of the following information regarding T.N.A. is not correct?

- Ans. (a) It is one of the most popular school of Gangtok  
(b) It is I.C.S.E. & I.S.E. board.  
(c) F.J. Fanthome was Principle for certain period.  
(d) Presently this school is especially redesigned for children of rich and most honourable personalities of state.

39. The State Bank of Sikkim was established under which Gazetted proclamation of Chogyal?

- Ans. (a) By proclamation of Sept. 1968  
(b) By proclamation of Sept 1969  
(c) By proclamation of Sept. 1970.  
(d) By proclamation of Sept. 1972

40. What is the total number of hospitals in Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 5 (b) 6  
(c) 7 (d) 8



41. What was the total revenue generated in Sikkim for the year 2000?

- Ans. (a) 40,39000 (b) 30,39000  
(c) 20,39000 (d) None of these

42. How many telephone exchanges are presently functioning in order at Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 16 (b) 22  
(c) 32 (d) 36

43. What are approved numbers of STD/ISD/PCO are in Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 219 (b) 229  
(c) 239 (d) 249

44. How many liquor outlets are there in Sikkim as per latest survey?

- Ans. (a) 262 (b) 272  
(c) 282 (d) 292

45. What is the total existing co-operative society found in sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 33156 Nos. (b) 34156 Nos.  
(c) 35156 Nos. (d) None of these

46. Which district of Sikkim consist of maximum contituencies?

- Ans. (a) East with 13 Constituency  
(b) North with 13 constituency  
(c) South with 13 Constituency  
(d) West with 13 Constituency

47. How many divisions of gram panchayat units are in Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 128 Nos. (b) 138 Nos.  
(c) 148 Nos. (d) 158 Nos.

48. The Sikkim Democratic Party was formed in which year?

- Ans. (a) 4 March 1993 (b) 4 March 1992  
(c) 4 March 1994 (d) 4 March 1996

49. The total no. of I.C.D.S. in Sikkim is.....

- Ans. (a) 499 (Functional) + 1 (non-functional)  
(b) 399 (Functional) + 1 (non-functional)  
(c) 299 (Functional) + 1 (non-functional)  
(d) 199 (Functional) + 1 (non-functional)

50. When did C.C.C.T. initiate in Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec. 1997 (b) 5<sup>th</sup> Dec. 1998

- (c) 5<sup>th</sup> Dec. 1999 (d) None of these
51. Namchi Government College. was established on  
Ans. (a) 28<sup>th</sup> Aug. 1995 (b) 28<sup>th</sup> Aug. 1996  
(c) 28<sup>th</sup> Aug. 1997 (d) 28<sup>th</sup> Aug. 1998
52. Sanskrit Mahavidyalaya is situated at?  
Ans. (a) Mangan (b) Namprikdang  
(c) Damthang (d) Gyalsing.
53. What is the Revenue receipt from liquor outlet session 1999-2000?  
Ans. (a) 11.13 Crores (b) 12.13 Crores  
(c) 13.13 Crores (d) 14.13 Crores
54. What is Smriti Ban?  
Ans. (a) Creation of forest with government patronage.  
(b) Without government patronage.  
(c) Medicinal plants nursery.  
(d) None of these
55. The Sikkim Police's first outpost was established at Aritar near Renock with 1 head constable and 5 constables in -  
Ans. (a) 27 Nov. 1997 (b) 27 Nov. 1952  
(c) 27 Nov. 1976 (d) None of these
56. What was the voting margin of Bhim Dahal retaining his seat of Lok Sabha by defeating Sanchaman Limboo of Congress during March 1998 election?  
Ans. (a) 40,829 (b) 50,829  
(c) 60,829 (d) None of these

## LAKES AND RIVERS OF SIKKIM

1. What is the real name of two main rivers of Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) Naho & Nahor (b) Rangnyu & Rangnit  
(c) Both A & B is correct (d) Only B is correct
2. Name the river that demarcates the boundary between West Bengal and West district of Sikkim.  
Ans. (a) River Rangnit (b) River Ramum  
(c) River Rathong (d) None of these
3. Name the river which separates South District and West Bengal.  
Ans. (a) River Ramum (b) River Rangnit  
(c) River Rali (d) None of these
4. Lachung River is the Tributary of which river.  
Ans. (a) River Teesta (b) River Run Kyong  
(c) River Rungfaf (d) Only A is correct
5. Ramumchu (*Rumum Kyong*) is tributary of which river?  
Ans. (a) Rangnit (b) Di-Kyung  
(c) Only A is correct (d) Only B is correct.
6. Which is the another river that flows out of Sikkim other than river Teesta?  
Ans. (a) Di-kyung (b) Rungpo Kyung  
(c) Khalep Kyung (d) Only A is correct
7. Name the source of drinking water for Gangtok Town.  
Ans. (a) Ratey Pani (b) Brong Kyung  
(c) Bok-chyo Kyung (d) None of these
8. Name the place where river Teesta and River Rongi-chu meets.  
Ans. (a) Melli (b) Jorethang  
(c) Singtam (d) None of these
9. Lhonak valley is situated in which of the following district?  
Ans. (a) West (b) South  
(c) East (d) North
10. Name the source of river Teesta.  
Ans. (a) Naho dah (b) Cholamu  
(c) Donkya (d) Both A and B is correct
11. Name the source of river Rungnit?  
Ans. (a) Nahor Dah (b) Rathong glacier  
(c) Mt. Kanchadzonga (d) Both A & B is correct

12. Name the river that originates from Men-mentso Lake (12,300 ft.).  
 Ans. (a) Di-kyung (b) Rangpo Kyung  
 (c) Khalep Kyung (c) None of these
13. Name the most popular lake found on the way to Gangtok - Nathula highway-  
 Ans. (a) Mun-Mon dah (b) Kaprup dah  
 (c) Chongu dah (d) Only C is correct
14. Which of the following important medicinal hot spring is not found in north Sikkim.  
 Ans. (a) Yumthang (b) Tarum  
 (c) Yumey Samdong (d) Phur
15. Which of the following important hotspring is not found in West Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Borong (b) Ralong  
 (c) Talung (d) Both A & B
16. Name the most popular hot spring found in the highway from Jorethang to Legshep. Which is also known as Dr. Oldhams Thermal spring?  
 Ans. (a) Kalep hotspring (b) Ralong hotspring  
 (c) Borong hotspring (d) Phur hotspring
17. Which is the highest pass of Sikkim.  
 Ans. (a) Nyom Lho (corrupted chorten Nymala) (b) Kongriho  
 (c) Jolep Lho (d) Nathu Lho
18. What do you mean by Kechopheri lake and in which district it is situated.  
 Ans. (a) Wizard Lake in North (b) Wishing Lake in West  
 (c) Buddhist Lake in West (d) None of these
19. Guru Dongmar is located in which of the following district.  
 Ans. (a) South (b) East  
 (c) North (d) West
20. The meaning of *Tendong Lho* is mountain of ladder, What is its height?  
 Ans. (a) 8,475 ft. (b) 8,575 ft  
 (c) 8,675 ft. (d) 8,775 ft
21. Which of the following peaks is not the important mountain peaks of West Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Kaktang (b) Pandim  
 (c) Kabur (d) None of these

# FIRST AND LAST OF SIKKIM

1. Which of the following personalities was the first Bhutia King of Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) Chogyal Psugphud Namgyal  
 (b) Chogyal Phunsog Namgyal  
(c) Chogyal Chakdor Namgyal  
(d) Chogyal P.T. Namgyal

2. Name the first Political Officer to Sikkim during Namgyal Dynasty?

- Ans. (a) Chales Bell (b) N.B. Manon  
 (c) James Claude White (d) None of these

3. Who was the first Chief Minister of Modern Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) N.B. Bhandari  (b) Lhendup Dorjee  
(c) B.B. Goorong (d) S.M. Limboo

4. Who was the first Governor of Sikkim after merging to India in 1975.

- Ans. (a) Homi J.H. taleyar Khan  (b) B.B. Lall  
(c) Prabhakara Rao (d) Bishma Narayan Singh.

5. Who was the first Indian Political Officer of Sikkim?

- Ans.  (a) Harishwar Dayal (b) J.S. Lall  
(c) Nari Rustomji (d) I.S. Chopra

6. Name the first Dewan of Sikkim?

- Ans.  (a) J.S. Lall (b) Bakeshwar Prashad  
(c) J.C. White (d) None of these

7. Who was the first member of Lok Sabha from Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) S.K. Rai (b) C.B. Katwal  
 (c) P.M. Subba (d) Bhim Dahal

8. Name the first Rajya Sabha member from Sikkim.

- Ans. (a) Karma Tenzing Topden  
(b) Kesong Namgyal Palzor  
 (c) L.S. (Saring) Lepcha  
(d) P.T. Gyamtcho

9. When was the first election conducted pre merger period?

- Ans. (a) 1950 (b) 1951  
 (c) 1952 (d) 1993

10. When was the first general election conducted after merger with India?  
 Ans. (a) 1973 (b) 1974  
~~(c) 1975~~ (d) 1980
11. Which was the first capital of Namgyal Dynasty in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Pema Yangtshi ~~(b) Yuksam~~  
 (c) Tumlong (d) Lingchum
12. Who is the first Sikkimese to be awarded the "Environmental Man" of the year?  
 Ans. (a) N.B. Bhandari (b) Karma Topden  
~~(c) P.K. Chamling~~ (d) P.T. Luksam
13. Name the first Sikkimese to play football in English Club?  
 Ans. (a) Pern Dorjee ~~(b) Bhaichung Bhutia.~~  
 (c) Sherap Lepcha (d) None of these
14. Who was the first person to scale Mount Kabur?  
 Ans. ~~(a) C.R. Cooke~~ (b) Sonam Gyatsho  
 (c) Both of them (d) None of above
15. Who was the first female minister of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Kalawati Subba ~~(b) R. Ongmoo~~  
 (c) D.K. Bhandari (d) None of these
16. Who is the first Sikkimese awardee of Sangeet Natak academy...  
 Ans. ~~(a) Sonam Tshering Lepcha.~~ (b) T.D. Densapa  
 (c) Nandu Thapa (d) None of these
17. When was the first Primary School established?  
 Ans. (a) 1880 by portugese missionaries at Khamdong Sang & Mangen  
 (b) 1880 by British Missineries at all those place  
~~(c) 1880 by Finish missioneries at Same place.~~  
 (d) None of them.
18. Who was the first Sikkimese to direct the Hindi TV serial "Ajnabi"?  
 Ans. ~~(a) Ugen Chopel Bhutia.~~ (b) Tusli Gimirey  
 (c) Shanti Thatal (d) Bhuvan Keshi
19. Who was the first Sikkimese to Direct and to Produce the Lepcha video Album "Somy ray".  
 Ans. ~~(a) Mr. Dawa Tshering Lepcha and Mr. S. R. Lepcha.~~  
 (b) Mr. Dawa Tshering and Mr. P.T. Luksom



- (c) Mr. Dawa Tshering and Mr. Dorjee Wangdi  
(d) None of these.

20. When was the first Panchayat election conducted?

- Ans. (a) 1949 (b) 1950  
~~(c) 1951~~ (d) 1952

21. When was the President rule imposed in Sikkim for the first time?

- Ans. (a) 1977 (b) 1978  
(c) 1979 ~~(d) 1980~~

22. Who was the first person to stand against the Guru Padmasambhawa for his mission of spreading Buddhism in Sikkim in during 8<sup>th</sup> century?

- Ans. (a) Kungthing Thekung Adek. (b) Tarvey Panu  
(c) Tareang Panu ~~(d) None of thses~~

23. Which is the name of first Lepcha literary magazine of Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) Sakhum (b) Songturn  
~~(c) Mayel Lyang~~ ~~(d) Kursong~~

24. Who was the first person to become the Chief Minister of the state for less than 15 days?

- Ans. (a) S.M. Subba (b) P.M. Subba  
~~(c) B.B. Gurung~~ ~~(d) P.T. Luksom~~

25. Under whose Chief Ministership the record winning of 32 out of 32 assembly seats for the first time?

- Ans. (a) P.K. Chamling ~~(b) N.B. Bhandari~~  
(c) L.T. Lepcha (d) None of these

26. Who invented the Lepcha script?

- Ans (a) Chakdor Namgyal (b) Tamsong Thing  
~~(c) Tarvey, Siyon, Golay, Dungrap and Dhuring.~~  
(d) Thekung Solong

27. When was Sikkim's first five year plan initiated?

- Ans. ~~(a) 1954~~ (b) 1964  
(c) 1974 (d) 1984

28. Who is the first Arjuna Awardee from Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) Pem Dorjee ~~(b) Bhaichung Bhutia~~  
(c) Joslal Pradhan (d) None of these

29. The Second Arjuna Awardee from Sikkim was Joslal Pradhan in which of the following sports?

## THE Wealth of Sikkim

1. What is another name of Yeti?  
Ans.  (a) Lho Mung (b) Dut Mung  
(c) Sumo Mung (d) Engbong Mung
2. Root of which alpine plant is used by Lepchas during poisoning Arrow?  
Ans.  (a) *Aconitum spicatum* (b) *Aconitum bishma*  
 (c) *Aconitum heterophyllum* (d) *Aconitum biflorum*
3. Pangolin an ant eater animal is distributed in which part of Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) Dzongu  (b) Melli, Kitam and Manpur  
(c) Chungthang, (d) Nathula, changu  
Lachen Lachung
4. What is the total area of reserved forest of Sikkim in sq. km.?  
Ans. (a) 29.61 sq. km.  (b) 22.61 sq. km  
(c) 23.61 sq. km (d) 19.61 sq. km
5. What is the total area of Khasmal Area in sq. km.?  
Ans. (a) 286 sq. km. (b) 284 sq. km.  
 (c) 285 sq. km. (d) 287 sq. km.
6. What is the total percentage of forest area in Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) 35.3% (b) 34.3%  
(c) 37.3%  (d) 36.3%.
7. Which is the biggest National park of Sikkim?  
Ans.  (a) Kanchenzonga National Park (K.N.P.)  
(b) Pangolakha National Park  
(c) Dzongri National Park  
(d) None of these
8. When was Fambong Lho wild life sanctuary established ?  
Ans.  (a) 1984 (b) 1985  
(c) 1983 (d) 1982
9. "Kyongnosla Alpine Sanctuary" the smallest and only Alpine wildlife sanctuary of Sikkim has an area of ..  
Ans.  (a) 31 sq km. (b) 32 sq. km.  
(c) 33 sq. km. (d) 30 sq. km.

10. Maenam wildlife sanctuary was established at South District in which year?  
 Ans. (a) 1985 (b) 1986  
 (c) 1987 ✓ (d) 1988
11. Which of the following animals is the State Animal?  
 Ans. (a) Red Panda (b) Pangolin  
 ✓ (c) Bear (d) Himalayan Weasel
12. Which is the State bird of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Peacock (b) Oriental Stork  
 (c) Greater Spotted eagle ✓ (d) Blood Pheasant.
13. What is the Botanical name of State tree?  
 Ans. (a) Rhododendron arboreum  
 (b) Rhododendron barbatum  
 ✓ (c) Rhododendron niveum  
 (d) Rhododendron campanulatum
14. What is the Botanical name of state flowers of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Dendrobium terminale  
 (b) Dendrobium ferrosomum  
 (c) Dendrobium clavatum  
 ✓ (d) Dendrobium Nobile.
15. What is the appx. number of Orchid Spps. found in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 300 spps. ✓ (b) 450 spps  
 (c) 600 spps. (d) 1000 spps.
16. Total appx. numbers of Rhododendron species found in Sikkim.  
 Ans. ✓ (a) 45 sps. (b) 50 sps.  
 (c) 60 sps. (d) 33 sps.
17. Total Number of different species of fern.  
 Ans. (a) 200 Nos. ✓ (b) 300 Nos.  
 (c) 400 Nos. (d) 450 Nos.
18. How many types of Reptile are found in Sikkim?  
 Ans. ✓ (a) 42 Sps. (b) 63 Sps.  
 (c) 48 Sps. (d) 60 Sps.
19. Total area of Land under Protectorate of Sikkim is...  
 Ans. ✓ (a) 2049 Km. (b) 2050 Km.  
 (c) 2060 Km. (d) 2070 Km.



20. What is approximate number of mammals in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 100 (b) 144  
 (c) 200 (d) 244
21. How many type of birds are present in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 300 (b) 450  
 (c) 550 (d) 650
22. "Phuyok samkung" or Tinjure a meeting place of three peaks is situated at what altitude?  
 Ans. (a) 6000 ft. (b) 7500 ft.  
 (c) 8000 ft. (d) 8500 ft.
23. The proposed Dzungri Wildlife Sanctuary has a Total area of?  
 Ans. (a) 468 sq. km. (b) 568 sq. km.  
 (c) 668 sq. km. (d) None of these
24. Arrange the following proposed wildlife sanctuary as per its area in ascending order  
 I. Dzungri wildlife sanctuary  
 II. Tholung wildlife sanctuary  
 III. Ninphu wildlife sanctuary  
 IV. Pangolakha wildlife sanctuary  
 V. Kitam wildlife sanctuary  
 Ans. (a) I, II, III, IV, V (b) I, IV, V, III, II  
 (c) II, I, III, IV, V (d) V, IV, III, II, I
25. What is "Yarcha gumbo"?  
 Ans. (a) An ornamental Flower (b) An aphrodisiac medicine  
 (c) An rhododendron sps. (d) An incense.
26. Name one exotic specie of fish introduced in lakes and ponds of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Danio naganensis (b) Labeo dero  
 (c) Gara annandalei (d) Salmo trutta fario
27. Panax Ginseng, a multi medicinal valuable plant is distributed in which part of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Barsay, Dzungri & Kyongnosla Alpine sanctuary.  
 (b) Jorethang, Melli  
 (c) Kabi and Phensong  
 (d) Dzongu
28. Arrange the following plant into its ecological status (rarity) in Sikkim in ascending order.

- I. *Orchis latifolia* II. *Aconitum bishma*  
 III. *Podophyllum hexandrum* IV. *Nardostachy jatamanshi*  
 v. *Panax Pseudo Ginseng*.
- Ans. (a) I, II, III, IV, V. (b) I, III, V, IV, II  
 (c) V, IV, III, II, I, (d) III, II, IV, V, I
29. Harchoor (Dah-samthet)'s paste is normally applied on minor fracture is commonly known as
- Ans. (a) Himalayan Aconite (b) Himalayan angel  
 (c) Himalayan Hornett (d) Himalayan Mistletoe.
30. Which of the following is the highest Biosphere reserve of Eastern India.
- Ans. (a) Kanchendzonga Biosphere Reserve.  
 (b) Dzongri Biosphere Reserve.  
 (c) Pangolakha Biosphere Reserve.  
 (d) North Sikkim Biosphere Reserve.
31. Name two plants used for fish poisoning during fishing by Lepcha community.
- Ans. (a) *Ficus benglensis* (b) *Tetradium fraxinifolium*  
 (c) *Alnus nepalensis* (d) None of these
32. Name the journal published by Sikkim Science Society?
- Ans. (a) Sikkim Scientific Journal  
 (b) Research Bulletin of Sikkim  
 (c) Journal of Hill Research  
 (d) Research and Technical news letter.
33. Which of the following College is the only Science College of Sikkim?
- Ans. (a) S.G.C. (Tadong) (b) S.G.C. (Namchi)  
 (c) G.L.C. (d) D.P.C. (Deorali)
34. Which of the following Institute of Science is not present in Sikkim?
- Ans. (a) Botanical Survey of India  
 (b) Indian Council of Agricultural research  
 (c) State Council of Science & Technology for Sikkim  
 (d) Indian Institute of Technology.
35. Which fish is not present in River Rangnyu (Tista)?
- Ans. (a) *Schizopyge progatus* (*Chuchay Asala*)  
 (b) *Schizopyge richardsonii* (*Dothay asala*)  
 (c) *Noemachcilus beavani* (*Gadela*)  
 (d) *Noemachcilus carletoni* (*Gadela*)

36. What is the total percentage of Tribal Population in North Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 55% (b) 65%  
 (c) 76% (d) Non of these
37. Which district has least percentage of tribal population in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) South (b) West  
 (c) East (d) North
38. Which revenue block has the highest population as per 1991 census of India?  
 Ans. (a) Gangtok (b) Pakyong  
 (c) Jorethang (d) Non of these
39. Which revenue block consist the lowest population as per 1991 census of India?  
 Ans. (a) Chungthang (b) Pelling  
 (c) Mangan (d) Soreng
40. What was the position of Sikkim in India in term of Literacy rate during the 1991 census?  
 Ans. (a) 18th Position (b) 16th Position  
 (c) 17th Position (d) Non of these
41. Which religion is presently predominant in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Hindu (b) Christian  
 (c) Buddhist (d) Sikh
42. Which is the 2<sup>nd</sup> presently predominant religion of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) Buddhist (2) Hindu  
 (c) Christian (3) Muslim
43. The Most disastrous floods (Natural Calamities) over Sikkim as well as whose Himalaya Kingdom took place in the year...  
 Ans. (a) 1948 (b) 1958  
 (c) 1968 (d) 1978
44. Which of the following statement is not true about Govind Ballab Pant Institute of Himalayan Environment and Development of Sikkim Unit?  
 Ans. (a) It is located in Pangthang 12 Km North of Gangtok.  
 (b) It is located in 6700 ft. above Sea level.  
 (c) This institute deals with the conservation of Culture, Language of three ethnic community of Sikkim.  
 (d) None of these.
45. With Shri O.P. Mathur is not associated which of the following.



## Community, Custom and Tradition of Sikkim

1. Which community is the Original inhabitant of Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) Bhutia (b) Rong (The Lepchas)  
(c) Limboo (d) Newar
2. Why do Tibetan called Sikkim as Beyul Demazong?  
Ans. (a) Because of tranquility  
(b) Because of safe Valley  
(c) Because it is land of Lepchas  
(d) Due to its richness in rice production
3. What do you mean by Mayal lyang?  
Ans. (a) Land of Peace (b) Land of God & Goddess  
(c) Land of folklore (d) Land of hidden treasure
4. What do you mean by Phedangmas as per Limboo culture?  
Ans. (a) A Story teller (b) A treasure dancer  
(c) Priest (d) Serial leader
5. "Dampfu" is associated with which community?  
Ans. (a) Rai (b) Tamang  
(c) Kirat (d) Manger
6. What is the Original name of Pang Lhabsol festival?  
Ans. (a) Chu rumfaat (b) Labab Duchen  
(c) Pangtoed festival (d) Treaty of brotherhood
7. The White Hall was built in year.  
Ans. (a) 1930 (b) 1931  
(c) 1932 (d) 1933
8. What is names of the birds, whose feathers is normally associated with Lepcha traditional hat?  
Ans. (a) Nambong-Ong (Drongo) (b) Wood snipe  
(c) Satyrtragopan (d) Oriental Stork
9. Tashi Sabdo is Bhutia folk dance which is based on offering of what?  
Ans. (a) Flones (b) Kahdas  
(c) Garland (d) bonque
10. What do you mean by Mazong?  
Ans. (a) Dice game (b) Card game  
(c) Chess game (d) Board game
11. What is the religion of Limboos?

- Ans (a) Yakthungba (b) Pedangma  
(c) Yumaism (d) Sapthungba
12. What is the real name of 'lossong' festival?
- Ans. (a) Lossar (b) Dukpa Tsechi  
(c) Nambun (d) Teyongse
13. The 'Lossar' is the new year of which community.
- Ans. (a) Tamang (b) Lepcha  
(c) Kami (d) Tibetan
14. 'Tihar' a festival of light is celebrated every year to mark.
- Ans. (a) Return of Lord Rama from exile (b) Leaving for Exile  
(c) Association of Ravana (d) Two brother united again
15. The language spoken by Bhutia of Sikkim is a dialect of
- Ans. (a) Nepali & Assamese (b) Tibetan & Limboo  
(c) Lepcha & Tibetan (d) Tamang & Sherpa
16. Who translated Ramayana in Nepali?
- Ans. (a) Bhanu Bhakta (b) Bhairagi Khaila  
(c) Princess of Nepal Krishna man
17. What is the synonym of market day in Sikkim?
- Ans. (a) Festival day (b) Holiday  
(c) Bazaar day (d) Haat day
18. What do you call Lepcha Male priest?
- Ans. (a) Mun (b) Padim  
(c) Pana (d) Bongthing
19. What do you mean by Singtam?
- Ans. (a) A plain kitchen garden (b) Valley  
(c) Meeting place (d) Rocky but plain
20. Marwaris started to migrate to Sikkim from the year...
- Ans. (a) 1850 onwards (b) 1879 onwards  
(c) 1899 onwards (d) 1860 onwards.
21. On which festival is the archery originally played?
- Ans. (a) Namsung (b) Dasai  
(c) Losar (d) Christmas
22. Dasain is associated with which religion.
- Ans. (a) Muslim (b) Yumaism  
(b) Hindu (d) Buddhist

## History of Pristine Sikkim

1. In which century did Thingkung Adek the strongest and powerful administrator (chieftain) rule the greater Sikkim?

- Ans. (a) 8-9 century (b) 9-10 century  
(c) 10-11 century (d) 11-12 century

2. The 4 major caves of Sikkim was religiously inaugurated by Thingkung Adek and Guru Padmasambawa (a Buddhist religious leader) on 8th century? Match the following :

(CAVE) (DIRECTION)

- |                          |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Chang Lhasi Nyingphug | (a) North |
| 2. Sharchuk Bejaphug     | (b) East  |
| 3. Lho Khandro Sangphug  | (c) South |
| 4. Nup Dichenphug        | (d) West. |

- Ans. (a) 1- a (b) 1- b (c) 1- d (d) 1- c  
 2- b 2- a 2- c 2- d  
 3- c 3- d 3- a 3- b  
 4- d 4- c 4- b 4- a

3. When did Thingkung Tek, Nyekung Nal and Zokhebu Khebumsa of Tibet signed the treaty of brotherhood?

- Ans. (a) 1265 (b) 1235  
(c) 1275 (d) 1285

4. Who initiated the process to recognize Namsung as official festival of Sikkim and renamed as Lossung.

- Ans. (a) Sir Tashi Namgyal in 1928 A.D.  
(b) Chakdor Namgyal in 1715 A.D.  
(c) Phunsog Namgyal in 1775 A.D.  
(d) Thothup Namgyal in 1902 A.D.

5. Name the Bhutia king who founded the Namgyal Institute of Tibetology in Sikkim.

- Ans. (a) Tashi Namgyal (b) Chakdor Namgyal.  
(c) Tsugphud Namgyal (d) Sikdeong Namgyal.

6. Namgyal Institute of Tibetology is the study centre of which sect of Buddhism?

- Ans. (a) Hinayana (b) Mahayana  
(c) Bongthingism (d) Yumaism

7. The Institute of Cottage Industries was founded by Chogyal Palden Thodup Namgyal in the year.

- Ans. (a) 1947 (b) 1957  
(c) 1967 (d) 1977
8. When did Thotup Namgyal shift his capital from Tumlong to Gangtok?
- Ans. (a) 1884 (b) 1890  
(c) 1894 (d) 1888
9. Name the Chyogyal who choreograph the Pang-Toed Dance, basically known as Rong-Chyam and introduced it during worshipping of chu rumfaat as official festival of Sikkim?
- Ans. (a) Tashi Namgyal (b) Chakdor Namgyal  
(c) Wangchuk Namgyal (d) Phunsog Namgyal
10. The step sister to Chakdor Namgyal whose enmity caused the death of Chogyal himself at Ralong hot spring in West Sikkim. What was her name?
- Ans. (a) Hope Cooke (b) Mukwanthung ma  
(c) Pende Wangmo (d) Chuni Wangmo
11. The Zokhebu Bumsa meet Lepcha Chieften Thingkung Tek and Nyukung nal. for the first time at.
- Ans. (a) Lungchum presently Lingchum (b) Kabi Lonchok  
(c) Chungthang earlier known as Chumthong  
(d) Rangpo
12. What do you mean by "Kabi Longtchok"?
- Ans. (a) Erected stone with our blood  
(b) Blood treaty of brother wood  
(c) well appreciated programme of meeting  
(d) Kabi the land of history.
13. What was the main aim of meeting three Lamas, Lhatsun Chempo, Sempa Chempo and Rinzing chempo at Yuksom?
- Ans. (a) To conversion of Lepcha Bongthingism into Buddhism.  
(b) To favouring Lepcha for economic upliftment.  
(c) To organised a social development programme in Sikkim  
(d) None of these.
14. During the reign of Phuntsog Namgyal the greater Sikkim was divided into how many district?
- Ans. (a) 10 Dzongs (b) 11 Dzongs  
(c) 12 Dzongs (d) 13 Dzongs.

15. Phuntsog Namgyal succeeded whom?  
 Ans. (a) Tashi Namgyal (b) Chandor Namgyal  
 (c) Sikdeong Namgyal (d) Tensung Namgyal
16. Who was Chakdor Namgyal?  
 Ans. (a) Chakdor Namgyal was successor to Tensung Namgyal.  
 (b) He was last king of Namgyal Dynasty.  
 (c) A is correct.  
 (d) None of these
17. Who had written the book "Chags yig" (compendium of Lepchas by deity offers annually) and revived the religious dances "Rong Cham"?  
 Ans. (a) Phunsog Namgyal (b) Psungphud Namgyal  
 (c) Gyusned Namgyal (d) Chakdor Namgyal
18. When did Gyurmed Namgyal succeeded Chakdor Namgyal?  
 Ans. (a) 1715 AD (b) 1716 AD  
 (c) 1717 AD (d) 1718 AD
19. Who was Posthumous son of Gyurmed Namgyal.  
 Ans. (a) Thothup Namgyal  
 (b) Palden Thondup Namgyal  
 (c) Phuntsog Namgyal  
 (d) None of these
20. Who succeeded Phungtsog Namgyal in the year 1780 A.D?  
 Ans. (a) Tenzing Namgyal (b) Gyurmed Namgyal  
 (c) Tashi Namgyal (d) Thothup Namgyal
21. In which year did the General Jor Singh of Gorkha attack the Rapdentse palace and made of Tenzing Namgyal free from there?  
 Ans. (a) 1788 AD (b) 1789 AD  
 (c) 1790 AD (d) 1791 AD
22. The Chogyal who succeeded Tenzing Namgyal and who shifted his capital from Rapdentse to Tumlong was?  
 Ans. (a) Sir Tashi Namgyal (b) Sikdeong Tulku  
 (c) Tenzing Namgyal (d) Tsugphud Namgyal
23. Which Chogyal was known to have incarnate of Karmapa Lama?  
 Ans. (a) Sidkeong Namgyal (b) Sir Tashi Namgyal  
 (c) T. Sugphud Namgyal (d) None of these
24. Who succeeded Sidkeong Namgyal?  
 Ans. (a) Sir Tashi Namgyal (b) P.T. Namgyal



## Population Data of Sikkim

1. What was the total population of Sikkim during the first official census was conducted in 1891 census?  
Ans. (a) 30,458 (b) 20,550  
(c) 10,590 (d) 9,590
2. Which ethnic community was the highest populated during the first official Census conducted in 1891  
Ans. (a) Bhutia (b) Lepcha  
(c) Limboo (d) None of these
3. What is the total population of Sikkim as per census of 1961?  
Ans. (a) 1,60,080 (b) 1,61,080  
(c) 1,62,080 (d) 1,63,080
4. What is the total male of Sikkim as per 1961 census?  
Ans (a) 83,917 (b) 83,918  
(c) 83,919 (d) 83,920
5. What is the total female of Sikkim as per 1961 census?  
Ans. (a) 77,163 (b) 66,163  
(c) 86,163 (d) 96,163
6. What was the population of original Tribe of Sikkim the Lepchas as per the 1981 Census in Sikkim?  
Ans. (a) 23,409 (b) 22,391  
(c) 21,526 (d) None of these
7. What is the total population of Sikkim as per 2001 census?  
Ans. (a) 5,40,493 (b) 5,30,493  
(c) 5,20,493 (d) 5,70,493
8. What is the total population of Sikkim as per 1991?  
Ans. (a) 3,06,457 (b) 4,06,457.  
(c) 5,06,457 (d) None of these
9. The total male in Sikkim as per 2001 census is  
Ans. (a) 2,88,217 (b) 2,16422  
(c) 2,85,217 (d) 2,95, 218
10. The total female in Sikkim as per latest census?  
Ans. (a) 2,52,276 (b) 2,42,276  
(c) 2,32,276 (d) 2,22,276



11. What is the population density of Sikkim as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 74% (b) 75%  
 (c) 76% (d) 77%
12. What is the urban population of Sikkim as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 11.9% (b) 11.10%  
 (c) 11.11% (d) 11.12%
13. What is the number of literates group of Sikkim as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 1,22,828 person (b) 2,22,828 person  
 (c) 3,22,828 person (d) 4,22,828 person
14. What is the total male literates of Sikkim as per 2001 census?  
 Ans. (a) 1,89,326 (b) 1,90,326  
 (c) 1,91,326 (d) 1,92,326
15. What is the total female literates of Sikkim as per 2001 census?  
 Ans. (a) 1,30,502 (b) 1,31,502  
 (c) 1,32,502 (d) 1,33,502
16. What is the sex ratio of Sikkim as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 865 (b) 875  
 (c) 885 (d) 895
17. What is the total female illiterate group of Sikkim as per 2001 census?  
 Ans. (a) 82,460 (b) 82,470  
 (c) 82,498 (d) 82,499
18. What is the total child population (below 6 yrs) of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 77,170 (b) 88,170  
 (c) 99,170 (d) 99,180
19. What is the literacy rate of Sikkim as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 45% (b) 56.94%  
 (c) 69.58% (d) 75.52%
20. What is the literacy rate of female as per latest census?  
 Ans. (a) 60.46% (b) 62.46%  
 (c) 61.46% (d) 63.46%
21. What is the literacy rate of male in Sikkim as per 2001 census?  
 Ans. (a) 56.73% (b) 66.73%  
 (c) 76.73% (d) 83.73%

22. What was the total population of Sikkim as per 1991 census?  
 Ans. (a) 4,06,457 (b) 4,60,457  
 (c) 4,66,457 (d) 4,68,457
23. What is the percentage of annual growth rate of Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 32.98% (b) 33.98%  
 (c) 34.98% (d) 35.98%
24. Population density of Sikkim as per 2001 census is  
 Ans. (a) 52 person per sq. km. (b) 62 person per sq. km.  
 (c) 76 person per sq. km. (d) None of these
25. What is the percentage of working population in the Sikkim State?  
 Ans. (a) 48.72% (b) 49.72%  
 (c) 50.72% (d) 51.72%
26. Which district has the highest percentage of working population as per 2001 census?  
 Ans. (a) South (b) North  
 (c) West (d) East
27. What percentage of population is living below the poverty line?  
 Ans. (a) 34.55% (b) 35.55%  
 (c) 36.55% (d) 37.55%
28. Which is the least populated district?  
 Ans. (a) North (b) West  
 (c) South (d) East
29. The per capita net State domestic product of Sikkim at current price is..  
 Ans. (a) 13,356 (b) 13,456  
 (c) 13,456 (d) None of these
30. What is the annual death rate in rural area in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 0.94 (b) 0.95  
 (c) 0.96 (d) 0.97
31. What is the annual birth rate in urban in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 89.57 (b) 90.57  
 (c) 91.57 (d) 92.57
32. Infant Mortality rate of Sikkim is higher than the National average i.e. (as per unit)  
 (a) 96 per unit (b) 93 per unit

33. (c) 95 per unit (d) 97per unit  
Which of the following family planning scheme is not yet introduced in Sikkim  
(a) Vasectomy (b) I.D.U.  
(c) Oral Pills (d) Tubackotomy  
(e) Non of these.
34. The accepters from follower which of the following religion in 68%  
(a) Buddhist (b) Hindu  
(c) Shamaist (d) Christains
35. Who among the following is not joint the author of book the Lepcha of Nepal Published in the year 2000.  
(a) Jeffery Schwerzel (b) Shanti tuinstra  
(c) Juddha Prashad Vidhya (d) Geoffery Gorer
36. What was the name of the first News Paper in lepcha?  
(a) *Mayal Iyang* (b) *Kongchen-Konglo*  
(c) *Mutanchi* (d) *Sakchum all*
37. 8 August Celebrated for  
(a) State day (b) Drukpa tscchi  
(c) Tendong lho Rumfoat (d) Tamu Lochar
38. 3 june is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Saga Dawa (b) Sakewa  
(c) Pang Lhabaso (d) Bhanu Jayanti.

## THE IMPORTANT BOOKS AND THEIR WRITERS OF SIKKIM

1. The book on *Himalayan Tribe* was written by-  
Ans. (a) Christopher Von (b) Harish Kapida  
(c) Meena Haribal (d) None of these
2. *Democracy Redeemed* was written by  
Ans. (a) N.B. Bhandari (b) L. Dorjee Lepcha  
(c) P.K. Chamling (d) Kunga Gyatso Bhutia
3. *Gazeteer of Sikkim* was compiled by -  
Ans. (a) H.H. Risley (b) J.D. Hooker  
(c) R.K. Sprigg (d) L.A. Waddle
4. *History of Sikkim* (an unpublished work was compiled by -  
Ans. (a) Yeshey Doma & Thothup Namgyal.  
(b) Pendi Wangmoo & Chakdor Namgyal.  
(c) Hope Cooke & P.T. Namgyal  
(d) Athup & K.T. Lepcha.
5. *Himalayan village* (An account of the Lepchas of Sikkim) is written and edited by-  
Ans. (a) L.K. Rai (b) Morris  
(c) J. Gores. (d) None of these
6. *Lepcha my vanishing tribe* is written by -  
Ans. (a) Ugen Shipmoo (b) A.R. Foning  
(c) K.P. Tamsang (d) None of these
7. *Living with the Lepchas* is written by C.J. Morris in the year  
Ans. (a) 1918 (b) 1928  
(c) 1939 (d) 1948
8. Dr. J. P. Tamang is editor of which of the following journal?  
Ans. (a) Journal of Hill research (b) Journal of Indian Science  
(c) Journal of Plant Taxonomy (d) None of these
9. Nima Lepcha is the writer of which of the following book?  
Ans. (a) *Lepcha Culture and Religion of Himalayas*  
(b) *Lamaism in Sikkim*  
(c) *Lepcha Jati ko Katha*  
(d) *Politics in Sikkim.*



10. Which of the following personalities is not related with joint composer and editor of a book - *Rhododendron of Sikkim Himalayan*.
- Ans. (a) Udai C. Pradhan (b) S.T. Lachungpa  
(c) Gut Lepcha (d) Usha Lachungpa
11. Which of the following is the writer of *Sikkim ko Itihas*?
- Ans. (a) Joy Damala (b) D.C. Sinha  
(c) E. Sharma (d) Lt. Lha Tsh. Lepcha
12. *Limboos of Eastern Himalayas* is written by-
- Ans. (a) J.R. Subba (b) Palman Subba  
(c) Sanchaman Subba (d) B.B. Subba
13. *Mammals of Sikkim* is compiled by -
- Ans. (a) P.R. Rao (b) B.S. Das  
(c) R. Avasthe and A. Jha (d) N.Sengupta
14. Who is the author of '*The birds of Sikkim*'?
- Ans. (a) P.R. Rao (b) J.C. Gawler  
(c) Rajesh Verma (d) Salim Ali
15. *The Trees of Sikkim Himalayas* was compiled and edited by -
- Ans. (a) S.R. Lepcha (b) L.K. Rai  
(c) S.J. Luksom (d) Bijoy Gurung
16. *Time change* an interesting note on dream fall of Namgyal -  
Dynasty was written by -
- Ans. (a) Brown Percy (b) C.Y. Salisbury  
(c) J.C. Gauler (d) Hope Cooke
17. Who was Iman Singh Chemjung?
- Ans. (a) Writer (b) Socialist  
(c) Musician (d) Teacher
18. *Butterflies of the Sikkim Himalaya* was written by
- Ans. (a) Indira Awasthy (b) Meena Haribal  
(c) S. C. Priyadarsini (d) None of these
19. *Himalayan Journal a note on Sikkim* was a travelogue of which of the following personalities?
- Ans. (a) L.A. Waddel (b) G.W. Lawrence  
(c) J.D. Hooker (d) C. J. Morris

## ABBREVIATION

1. What is the Full form of S.A.B.A?  
Ans. (a) Sikkim Association for Buddhist Activities  
(b) Sikkim Amateur for Boxing Association  
(c) Sikkim Administrative for Budget Analysis  
(d) None of these
2. T.A.A.S. is the full form of  
Ans. (a) Travel Agent Association of Sikkim.  
(b) Tour and Travel Association for Sikkim.  
(c) Town and its administration and Association of Sikkim  
(d) None of these
3. B.S.I. Stands for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) Bharatya Sainik Imarak  
(b) Basic Studies in Computer Institute  
(c) Botanical Survey of India  
(d) None of these
4. GREF stands for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) General Reserve Engineering Force  
(b) Government Reserve Engineering Force  
(c) Garrison Reserve Engineering Force  
(d) None of these
5. C.P.W.D. stands for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) Central Power & Water Commission Department  
(b) Central Public Work Department  
(c) Both a and b is correct.  
(d) Only B is Correct.
6. S.P.S.C. Stand for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) Sikkim People Service Co- operation  
(b) Sikkim Public Scheme Commission  
(c) Sikkim Police Services Commission  
(d) Sikkim Public Service Commission
7. SISCO stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) Sikkim State Co-operation Bank Limited  
(b) Sikkim Investigative Service Commission  
(c) Sikkim India Scientific Cooperation  
(d) None of these



8. S.A.P. stand for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) Sikkim Amateur Police  
(b) Sikkim's Administrative Police  
→ (c) Sikkim Armed Police  
(d) Only C is correct.
9. D.G.P. stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) District General of Police  
(b) District General of Police  
(c) Both A.B. is correct  
(d) Only B is correct.
10. S.T.N.M. stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) Sir Thuthop Namgyal Memorial Hospital  
(b) Sir Thendup Namgyal Memorial Hospital  
(c) Sir Tashi Namgyal Memorial Hospital  
(d) Only C is Correct.
11. SIDICO stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) Small Industry Development Insurance Corporation limited.  
(b) Sikkim Industry Development Investment Corporation Limited.  
(c) Small Industrial Development Investment Corporation Limited  
(d) Only C is correct.
12. FIDCO stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
Ans. (a) Finance Investment Development Corporation  
(b) Farmer Investment Development Corporation  
(c) Both A and B is correct.  
(d) Only B is Correct.
13. G.I.C.I. stands for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) Gangtok Institute of Cottage Industry.  
(b) Government Investment of Cottage Industry.  
(c) Government Institute of cottage Industry.  
(d) None of these
14. S.S.B. stands for \_\_\_\_\_?  
Ans. (a) Sikkim Service Battalion  
(b) Special Service Battalion  
(c) Special Service Bureau  
(d) None of these.

## THE CONCEPT OF RELIGION AND THEIR FOLLOWERS OF SIKKIM

1. What is the religion of Limboo?  
 Ans. (a) Yumaism (b) Shamaism  
 (c) Srijungaim (d) Yakthungbaism
  
2. What is the Original religion of Lepchas?  
 Ans. (a) Buddhist (b) Christian  
 (c) Mun-Bongthingism (d) None of these
  
3. The 14th Dalai Lama was born in  
 Ans. (a) 6th July 1935 (b) 10 June 1935  
 (c) 10 June 1936 (d) 10 July 1938
  
4. The present H.H. Dalai Lama was honour with Noble peace Prize in the year?  
 Ans. (a) 1987 (b) 1988  
 (c) 1989 (d) 1990
  
5. Where is the birth place of Padmasambhava?  
 Ans. (a) Damakosha lake in North Western province of Pakistan near swat valley  
 (b) Bihar  
 (c) Utter Pradesh  
 (d) None of these
  
6. During which period did Padmasambhava come to study the Mun-Bongthism in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 746 A.D. in 8th century (b) 746 A.D. in 9th century  
 (c) 746 A.D. in 10th century (d) 746 A.D. in 11th century
  
7. The major caves discovered by Tek-Khang Adek and Guru Padmasambava?  
 I. Chang Lhari Ningphug A. North  
 II. Sharchock Byaphug B. East  
 III. Lho Khandro Sangphug C. South  
 IV. Nub Dechenphug D. West.
  
- Ans. (a) I - A (b) I - B (c) I - D (d) None of these  
 II - B II - A II - C  
 III - C II - D III - B  
 IV - D IV - C IV - A

8. What do you mean by Ohm-Mani Padmey Hung?  
 Ans. (a) Hail the jewel on the lotus  
 (b) Forgive me god for my Sin  
 (c) Do good to others, others do good to you  
 (d) None of these
9. Who invited Padmasambhava to Tibet?  
 Ans. (a) King Trisong Dheutsen of Tibet during 8<sup>th</sup> Century.  
 (b) Thingkung Adek of Sikkim during 7<sup>th</sup> Century.  
 (c) Thingkung Men-Solong during 12<sup>th</sup> Century.  
 (d) None of these
10. The Buddhist literature was actually translated from which language?  
 Ans. (a) Pali Language (b) Hindu Language  
 (c) Lepcha Language (d) Sanskrit language.
11. In the mission of establishment of Buddhism in Sikkim the first stupa was built at Norbugang, Simultaneously with the swearing of Phuntsok Namgyal as king, what is the name of that stupa?  
 Ans. (a) Chorten Tashi Cholling (b) Chorten Tashi Hobar  
 (c) Chorten Karma Cholling (d) None of these
12. The Latsun Chempo belonged to -  
 Ans. (a) Lhasa (b) Chumbi Valley  
 (c) Kongbu Valley of Tsangpo (d) None of these
13. What do you mean by Padmasambhava?  
 Ans. (a) Saviour by the religion doctrine  
 (b) Saviour from great Sin  
 (c) The spark of truth  
 (d) None of these
14. Where and when was the first Karmapa Monastery built?  
 Ans. (a) At Dubdi 1786 (b) At Rumtek 1750  
 (c) At Takchi in 1855 (d) At Ralong in 1730
15. Give the location and the reason behind the famous of Tso Pema.  
 Ans. (a) Sarnath for re-establishment of Buddhist religion  
 (b) Bodh Gaya for first teaching of eight fold path.  
 (c) Riwalsar in Himachal Pradesh for its incarnation of Guru padmasambhava.  
 (d) None of these
16. Why is Saga Dawa observed?

## THE STORY OF FIVE YEAR PLAN OF SIKKIM

1. On which proclamation was the members of Sikkim State assembly raised to 32, with 31 territorial constitution followed by 1 seat for sangha, 12 seat for Lepcha, Bhutia, 15 for Nepalese and 1 seat for Scheduled Cast?
- Ans. (a) By Proclamation of February 1977  
~~(b) By Proclamation of February 1978~~  
(c) By Proclamation of February 1979  
(d) By Proclamation of February 1976
2. The governor of Sikkim was Sworned for the first time in the year...
- Ans. (a) 16th May 1974 (b) 16th May 1975.  
~~(c) 16th May 1976~~ (d) 16th May 1977
3. When was the Sangha seat created?
- Ans. (a) By proclamation of 17th March 1955  
(b) By proclamation of 17th March 1959  
~~(c) By proclamation of 17th March 1958~~  
(d) By proclamation of 17th March 1956.
4. Who was appointed as the Chief administrator of Sikkim by Government of India in 9th April 1973?
- Ans. ~~(a) Shri B.S.Das~~ (b) Shri B.N. Singh  
(c) Shri K.V. Raghunatha (d) Shri C.R. Singh
5. Under article 164(1) of the constitution of India Mr. Bhim Bahadur Gurung was appointed as chief Minister of Sikkim on 11th May 1984 which governor of Sikkim did exercise this power?
- Ans. (a) Shri T.V. Rajeshwar ~~(b) Mr. J. Homi J.H. Taleyakhan~~  
(c) Shri B.N. Singh (d) None of these
6. Which Governor of Sikkim support the "Son of the Soil" theory to ensure protection for the local people in the year March 1985?
- Ans. (a) Mr. Homi J.H. Taleyarkhan (b) Shri T.V. Rajeshwar  
(c) Shri R.H. Tahiliane ~~(d) Mr. Prabhakar Rao~~
7. When was the Sikkim Public Service Commission established?
- Ans. ~~(a) 1981~~ (b) 1982  
(c) 1983 (d) 1984

8. When was separate Directorate of Agriculture set-up in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 1955 ~~(b) 1954~~  
 (c) 1956 (d) 1957
9. In Which year was the separate Directorate of Animal husbandry established?  
 Ans. ~~(a) 1974~~ (b) 1973  
 (c) 1972 (d) 1971
10. When was the fourth five year plan launched ?  
 Ans. (a) May 1991 (b) May 1961  
~~(c) May 1971~~ (d) May 1981
11. When was the fifth five year plan launched?  
 Ans. (a) 7th April 1979 (b) 7th April 1977  
 (c) 7th April 1978 ~~(d) 7th April 1976~~
12. By which constitutional amendment did Sikkim became a associate State?  
 Ans. (a) 34th Amendment (b) 35th Amendment  
~~(c) 36th Amendment~~ (d) 37th Amendment
13. Mr. N.B. Bhandari was elected as 2<sup>nd</sup> Chief Minister with seventeen seats. What was his party symbol for the election?  
 Ans. (a) Elephant (b) Hand  
~~(c) Horse~~ (d) Rising Sun
14. When was the second general election held?  
 Ans. a) November 1978 ~~(b) November 1958~~  
 c) November 1968 (d) November 1988
15. When was the Sikkim National Congress Party formed?  
 Ans. ~~(a) 20th May 1960~~ (b) 20th May 1961  
 (c) 20th May 1962 (d) 20th May 1963
16. When was third general election held?  
 Ans. (a) March 1965 (b) March 1966  
~~(c) March 1967~~ (d) None of these
17. The Sikkim National congress won third general election of Sikkim in March 1967 with how many seats?  
 Ans. (a) 6 seats ~~(b) 8 seats~~  
 (c) 12 seats (d) 16 seats

18. When was the fourth general election held?  
 Ans. (a) April 1968                      ✓(b) April 1970  
 (c) April 1972                          (d) April 1974
19. When was the third five year plan launched?  
 Ans. (a) March 1965                      ✓(b) March 1966  
 (c) March 1967                          (d) March 1968
20. When was the fifth general election held?  
 Ans. (a) January 1970                      (b) January 1971  
 (c) January 1972                      ✓(d) January 1973
21. When was the first election of State Council of 17 members held?  
 Ans. ✓(a) May and August 1953  
 (b) May and August 1954  
 (c) May and August 1955  
 (d) May and August 1956
22. What is the total no. of ward of Sikkim at Gram Panchayat level as per latest delimitation?  
 Ans. ✓(a) 903 and 99 in Zilla level              (b) 603 and 99 in Zilla level  
 (c) 703 and 99 in Zilla level              (d) 803 and 99 in Zilla level
23. What is the total Constituencies of Sikkim in State Assembly?  
 Ans. (a) 16                                      (b) 30  
 (c) 31                                      ✓(d) 32
24. What is the total Lok Sabha members from Sikkim?  
 Ans. ✓(a) 1                                          (b) 2  
 (c) 3                                          (d) None of these
25. What is the total Rajya Sabha members from Sikkim?  
 Ans. ✓(a) 1                                          (b) 2  
 (c) 3                                          (d) None of these
26. What is the total Revenue block in Sikkim?  
 Ans. (a) 311 appx.                          ✓(b) 411 appx.  
 (c) 511 appx.                              (d) 611 appx.
27. What is the total Polling booths in Sikkim?  
 Ans. ✓(a) 284 appx.                              (b) 484 appx.  
 (c) 384 appx.                              (d) None of these

## Forward

This book brings together aspects of Sikkim's historical, geographical, religious, agriculture and cultural make up, in an original and in unique format. It will not only be usefull to the students and citizens of Sikkim but may find equally usefull for all research scholars and tourists in a Plethora of facts and figures that a nowhere else available in single work. Further no in-depth research is ever possible on any culture, unless the scholar first become familiar with area of study, specially It's history and culture.

Mr. S Rinchen Lepcha being a lecturer reseacher and scholar in his own right has thus given the readers and opportunity to begin to discover the land of Sikkim and all that it has to offer.

Editor of Report "HOLDING TOGETHER A DYING TRADITION"

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